



SPECTRUM

SYSTEMENTWICKLUNG MICROELECTRONIC GMBH

MX.70xx - 32 bit fast digital I/O with TTL levels

- PXI 3U / CompactPCI 3U format
- 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 bit or 32 bit digital I/O
- 1 kS/s up to 125 MS/s at 16 bit
- 1 kS/s up to 60 MS/s at 32 bit
- 110 Ohm input impedance selectable
- Inputs 3.3 V and 5 V TTL compatible
- Outputs 3.3 V TTL compatible
- Up to 128 MByte memory
- FIFO mode for input and output
- Pattern/Edge/Pulsewidth trigger
- Synchronization possible
- Software SBench for Windows included
- Software SBench for Linux included



Product range overview

| Model | 1-4 bit | 8 bit | 16 bit | 32 bit |
|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| MX.7005 | 125 MS/s | 125 MS/s | 125 MS/s | |
| MX.7010 | | 125 MS/s | 125 MS/s | |
| MX.7011 | | 125 MS/s | 125 MS/s | 60 MS/s |

Software/Drivers

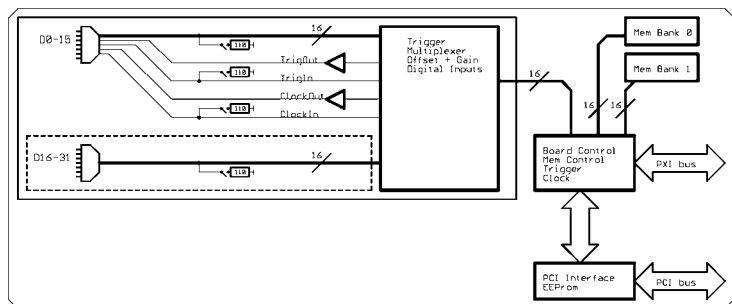
A large number of drivers and examples are delivered with the board or are available as an option:

- Windows 98/ME/NT/2000/XP/Vista/7 drivers
- Linux 32bit and 64bit drivers
- SBench 5.x for Windows
- SBench 6.x Base version for Windows and Linux (recording only)
- Microsoft Visual C++ examples
- Borland Delphi examples
- Microsoft Visual Basic examples
- Microsoft Excel examples
- LabWindows/CVI examples
- FlexPro support with SBench
- LabVIEW - drivers (as option)
- DASyLab - drivers (as option)
- MATLAB - drivers (as option)
- Agilent VEE - drivers (as option)

General Information

The MX.70xx series of fast digital I/O boards offer a resolution between 1 bit and 32 bit with a maximum sampling rate of 125 MS/s (60 MS/s). Every 16 bit / 32 bit of the board can be separately programmed for input or output. The on-board memory of up to 128 MByte can be completely used for recording or re-playing digital data. Alternatively the MX.70xx can be used in FIFO mode. Then data is transferred on-line to PC memory or hard disk. The internal standard synchronisation bus allows synchronisation of several MX.xxxx boards. Therefore the MX.70xx board can be used as an enlargement to analogue boards.

Hardware block diagram



Software programmable parameters

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| sampling rate | 1 kS/s to max sampling rate, external clock, ref clock, PXI clock |
| Direction | Input/Output for each module |
| Input impedance | 110 Ohm / 50 kOhm for each channel |
| Clock mode | internal PLL, internal quartz, external, external divided, external reference clock, PXI reference clock |
| Clock impedance | 110 Ohm / 50 kOhm |
| Trigger impedance | 110 Ohm / 50 kOhm |
| Trigger pulsewidth | 1 to 256 samples in steps of 1 |
| Trigger mode | Pattern and mask, edge, external TTL, software, PXI Line[5..0], PXI Startrigger |
| Pattern and mask | 32 bit / 64 bit wide: 0 pattern, 1 pattern, don't care or edge |
| Memory depth | 32 up to installed memory in steps of 32 |
| Posttrigger | 32 up to 128 M in steps of 32 |
| Multiple Recording segmentsize | 32 up to installed memory / 2 in steps of 32 |

Application examples

| | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Semiconductor test | Production test | Pattern generator |
| A/D data acquisition | Logic analyser | Pattern recognition |

Possibilities and options

PXI bus

The PXI bus (PCI eXtension for instrumentation) offers a variety of additional normed possibilities for synchronising different components in one system. It is possible to connect several Spectrum cards with each other as well as to connect a Spectrum card with cards of other manufacturers.

PXI reference clock

The card is able to use the 10 MHz reference clock that is supplied by the PXI system. Enabled by software the PXI reference clock is feeded in the on-board PLL. This feature allows the cards to run with a fixed phase relation.

PXI trigger

The Spectrum cards support star trigger as well as the PXI trigger bus. using a simple software command one or more trigger lines can be used as trigger source. This feature allows the easy setup of OR connected triggers from different cards.

FIFO mode

The FIFO mode is designed for continuous data transfer between measurement board and PC memory (up to 100 MB /s) or hard disk (up to 50 MB/s). The control of the data stream is done automatically by the driver on interrupt request.

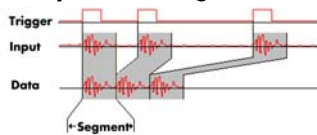
Pattern trigger

For every bit of the digital input the pattern trigger defines individually the expected level or sets the bit to „don't care“. In combination with pulsewidth counter and edge detection the pattern trigger could be used to recognise a huge variety of trigger events.

External trigger I/O

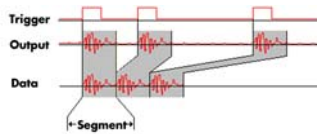
All boards can be triggered using an external TTL signal. It's possible to use positive or negative edge also in combination with a programmable pulse width. An internally recognised trigger event can - when activated by software - be routed to the trigger connector to start external instruments.

Multiple Recording



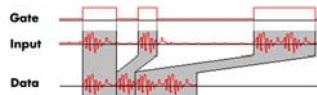
The Multiple Recording option allows the recording of several trigger events without restarting the hardware. With this option very fast repetition rates can be achieved. The on-board memory is divided in several segments of same size. Each of them is filled with data if a trigger event occurs.

Multiple Replay



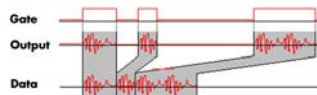
The Multiple Replay option allows the fast repetition output on several trigger events without restarting the hardware. With this option very fast repetition rates can be achieved. The on-board memory is divided in several segments of same size. Each of them is generated if a trigger event occurs.

Gated Sampling



The Gated Sampling option allows data recording controlled by an external gate signal. Data is only recorded if the gate signal has a programmed level.

Gated Replay

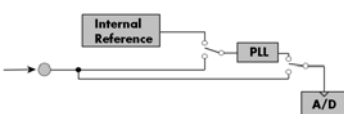


The Gated Sampling option allows data replay controlled by an external gate signal. Data is only replayed if the gate signal has a programmed level.

External clock I/O

Using a dedicated connector a sampling clock can be fed in from an external system. It's also possible to output the internally used sampling clock to synchronise external equipment to this clock.

Reference clock



The option to use a precise external reference clock (normally 10 MHz) is necessary to synchronize the board for high-quality measurements with external equipment (like a signal source). It's also possible to enhance the quality of the sampling clock in this way. The driver automatically generates the requested sampling clock from the fed in reference clock.

Singleshot output

When singleshot output is activated the data of the on-board memory is replayed exactly one time. As trigger source one can use the external TTL trigger or the software trigger.

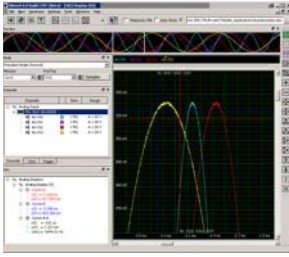
Continuous output

When continuous output is activated the data of the on-board memory is replayed continuously until a stop command is executed. As trigger source one can use the external TTL trigger or the software trigger.

1-4 bits mode

On the model 7005 it is also possible to use just 1, 2 or 4 bits for acquisition or replay. In 1 bit mode the 8 times higher memory is then available, at 2 bits mode it is 4 times higher and at 4 bits mode it is double. This enlarges the recording/replay time in on-board memory and it reduces the transfer rate when using FIFO mode. The data is stacked internally to 8 bit samples. Therefore all information on memory/segment/pre and posttrigger sizes and steps can be up to 8 times higher.

SBench 6



A base licence of SBench 6 the easy-to-use graphical operating software for the Spectrum cards is included in the delivery. Using the base license it is possible to test the card and to show acquired data. There are also some basic measurement functions included in the base license. The card comes with a demo license for the professional version giving the user the opportunity to test the features of the professional version with the new hardware. Existing customers have the opportunity to request a demo license for the professional version at Spectrum. The professional version contains several new measurement functions, FFT, import and export (including MATLAB and ASCII) as well as the streaming modes. The data streaming modes allow to continuously acquire data to hard disk. SBench 6 has been optimized to handle data files of several GByte. More details on SBench 6 are found in the dedicated SBench 6 data sheet. The version 6 is running under Windows as well as under Linux (KDE and GNOME). A test version of SBench 6 is freely available in the internet. This test version will also operate with demo cards and can be tested as Professional version without any hardware installed.

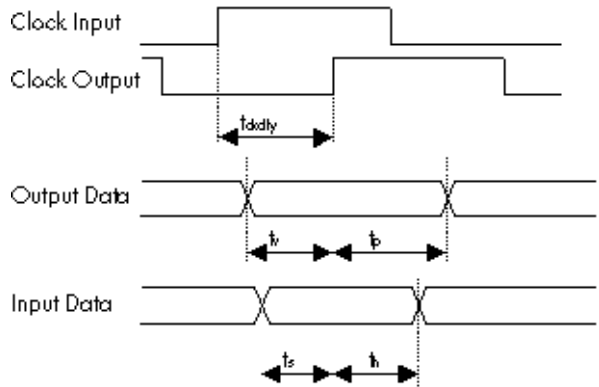
Technical Data

| | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Internal samplerate | 1 kS/s up to 125 MS/s | Dimension | 160 mm x 233 mm (Standard 3U) |
| External samplerate | DC up to 125 MS/s | Width (MX.7005, MX.7010) | 1 slot |
| Input impedance | 110 Ohm / 50 kOhm 15 pF | Width (MX.7011) | 2 slots |
| 110 Ohm termination voltage | 2.5V | Connector | 40 pole half pitch (Hirose FX2 series) |
| Signal level (data, trigger, clock) | 3.3 V/ 5 V TTL compatible | Operating temperature | 0°C - 50°C |
| Data input current sink (no termination) | 0.0 V 3.3 V 5.0 V -1.0 µA +1.0 µA +20.0 µA | Storage temperature | -10°C - 70°C |
| Clock / trigger input current sink (no termination) | ± 1.0 µA | Humidity | 10% to 90% |
| Multi: Trigger to 1st sample delay | fixed | | |
| Multi: Recovery time | < 20 samples (16 - 64 bit) | | |
| | 32 bit 16 bit 8 bit 4 bit 2 bit 1 bit | | |
| ext. Trigger accuracy (samples) | 1 1 2 4 8 16 | | |
| int. Trigger accuracy (samples) | 1 1 2 4 8 16 | | |
| Trigger input:Standard TTL level | Low: -0.5 > level < 0.8 V High: 2.0 V > level < 5.5 V Trigger pulse must be valid ≥ 2 clock periods. | Clock input: Standard TTL level | Low: -0.5 V > level < 0.8 V High: 2.0 V > level < 5.5 V Rising edge. Duty cycle: 50% ± 5% |
| Trigger output | Standard TTL, capable of driving 50 Ohm. Low < 0.4 V (@ 20 mA, max 64 mA) High > 2.4 V (@ -20 mA, max -48 mA) One positive edge after the first internal trigger | Clock output | Standard TTL, capable of driving 50 Ohm Low < 0.4 V (@ 20 mA, max 64 mA) High > 2.4 V (@ -20 mA, max -48 mA) |

| Power consumption (maximum value) | Full speed | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|-------|-------|
| | +3,3 V | +5 V | +12 V | -12 V |
| MX.7005 (16 bit output @ 125 MS/s in 110 Ohm) | 1.18 A (3.9 W) | 0.81 A (4.1 W) | 0 A | 0 A |
| MX.7010 (16 bit output @ 125 MS/s in 110 Ohm) | 1.18 A (3.9 W) | 0.81 A (4.1 W) | 0 A | 0 A |
| MX.7011 (32 bit output @ 60 MS/s in 110 Ohm) | 1.70 A (5.6 W) | 0.81 A (4.1 W) | 0 A | 0 A |

For detailed information on the different modes for external clocking please refer to the dedicated chapter in the hardware manual for the boards of the 70xx series.

| Delay time | External Clocking Mode | | |
|--------------------|------------------------|----------|----------|
| | SINGLE | BURST S | BURST M |
| t _{ckdly} | 20 ns | 30 ns | < 1 ns |
| t _v | > 350 ns | > 150 ns | > 2.5 ns |
| t _p | > 2.5 ns | > 2.5 ns | > 2.5 ns |
| t _s | ≤ 3.0 ns | ≤ 3.0 ns | ≤ 3.0 ns |
| t _{vh} | ≤ 1.0 ns | ≤ 1.0 ns | ≤ 1.0 ns |



Order information

| Order No | Description | Order No | Description |
|-----------------|---|-------------|--|
| MX7005 | MX.7005 with 16 MByte (128 MBit) memory, cables and drivers | MX7xxx-32M | Option: 32 MByte memory instead of 16 MByte standard mem |
| MX7010 | MX.7010 with 16 MByte (128 MBit) memory, cables and drivers | MX7xxx-64M | Option: 64 MByte memory instead of 16 MByte standard mem |
| MX7011 | MX.7011 with 16 MByte (128 MBit) memory, cables and drivers | MX7xxx-128M | Option: 128 MByte memory instead of 16 MByte standard mem |
| | | MX7xxx-up | Additional handling costs for later memory upgrade |
| MX7xxx-mr | Option Multiple Replay: Memory segmentation | MX70xx-dl | DASYLab driver for MX.70xx series |
| MX7xxx-gs | Option Gated Sampling: Gate signal controls replay | MX70xx-hp | VEE driver for MX.70xx series |
| Cab-d40-idc-100 | Additional 1m 40 pole flat ribbon cable with IDC socket connector | MX70xx-lv | LabVIEW driver for MX.70xx series |
| Cab-d40-d40-100 | Additional 1m 40 pole flat ribbon cable withFx2 connector | MATLAB | MATLAB driver for all MI.xxxx, MC.xxxx and MX.xxxx series. |

Technical changes and printing errors possible